#### **DATA**

Analysis

# PRAIRIE HILLS SCHOOL DISTRICT 144

Prepared By Dr. Mable A. Alfred

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**Achievement Data** provide information on student learning and achievement. This chapter includes comparative standardized and benchmark assessments results over time.

05

**District Dashboard** is a quick snapshot of District data that will provide longitudinal information over time. The Dashboard compares student demograhics and teacher data.





This guide is designed for SD 144 educators who are novice at data usage in their school improvement planning process. Because most educators are not trained in data-driven decision making and planning, it is necessary to begin with a foundation on which to build processes for data use. The plan builds foundational knowledge to assist the district in optimizing its performance, and to make more strategically-guided decisions.



# PRAIRIE HILLS SD 144

Prairie-Hills Elementary School District 144 is a public school district located in MARKHAM, IL. It has 2,621 students in grades PK, K-8 with a student-teacher ratio of 23 to 1. According to state test scores, 7% of students are at least proficient in math and 12% in reading.

Currently, Prairie-Hills Elementary School District 144 houses 8 schools. The District is 99.7 percent minority enrollment with 49% females and 51% males. Within the District, 95% of students are eligible for free and reduced lunch. Currently, 7.1 percent of the population are English Language Learners and 10% receives Special Education services.

The data guide will help the District in identifying and/or to refine a focus for improvement, including determining if current improvement efforts are having the desired effect on student learning outcomes.

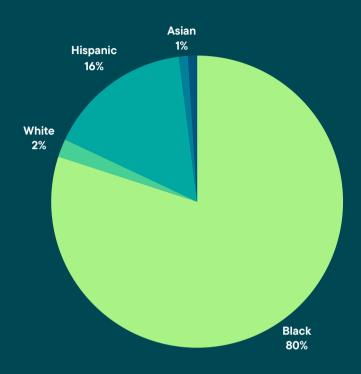
# **Student Demographics**

- → Enrollment
- ( Attendance
- Chronic Absenteeism
- → Discipline
- ) IEP Placement
- → English Learners



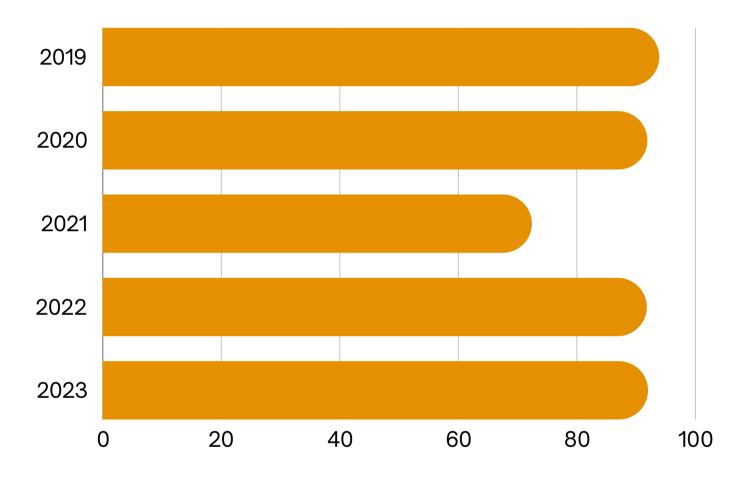
# Enrollment

Enrollment has been steadily decreasing since 2020. From 2020 through 2021, the district significantly dropped in enrollment. While Black enrollment decreased by 17%, hispanic enrollment has increased by nearly 25% since 2019.



Year	Enrollment
2023	2482
2022	2582
2021	2599
2020	2869
2019	2391

# Student Attendance



**Attendance** is when students regularly attend school and participates in a range of educational activities that the school provides.

Attendance is falling below the 95% goal that has been set by the State. With the exception of 2021, attendance is falling in 92-93 percentage range.

# Chronic Absenteeism

#### Chronic Absebteeism is

when students who are absent miss at least 10 percent (18 days) of the school year. These students are at serious risk of falling behind in school.





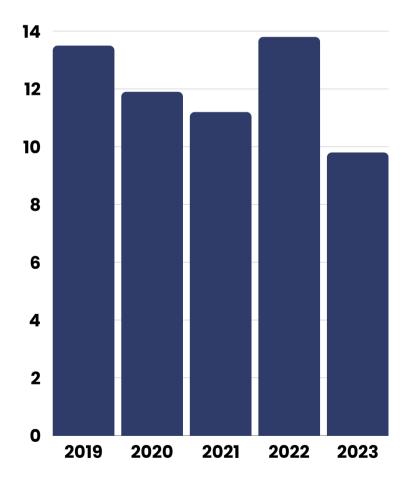




# Mobility

Student mobility refers to students moving from one school to another within a school year. Student mobility can have a negative impact on educational achievement for students and schools.





Student mobility for 2023 is at the normal range below 10 percent.

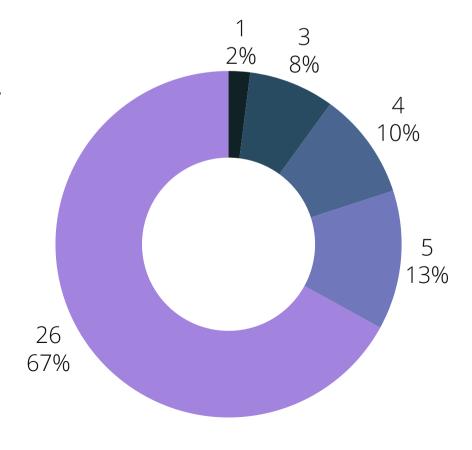
#### **Discipline Infractions**

Infractions	Number
Tobacco	1
Drugs	3
Weapons/Firearms	4
Violent Physical Injury	5
Other	26
Total	39

**Disciplinary Infraction** means a violation of a school and disctrict policies that imposes a serious risk of harm to persons; substantial damage to property; or breach of facility security.

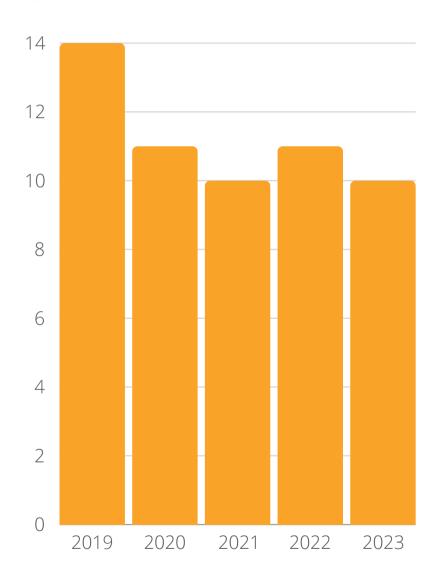
To create safe environments schools must ensure that clear, appropriate, and consistent expectations and consequences are in place to prevent and address misbehavior.

\*Based on the District's enrollment numbers, the number of disciplinary infractions are extremely low.



#### **Individual Education Program (IEP) Placement**

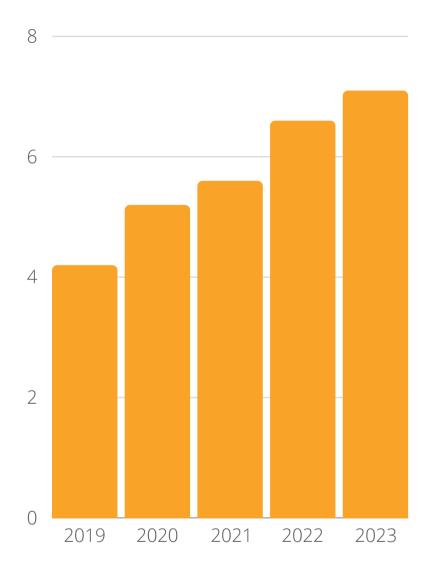
Students with Disabilities have a disability and are in need of specialized instruction. A comprehensive evaluation, conducted by a team from the school, evaluates and identifies these students. For every student who needs special education services, the team develops an Individualized Education Program (IEP).



Students with Disabilities continue to hover around the 10 to 11 percent range. This suggest that SWD population is neither increasing nor decreasing. However, an estounding 80% of SWD are African Americans.

# **English Learners EL**

Students whose primary language is not English and receive English language instruction that targets their individual learning needs.



The percentage of students who are English learners (ELs) is steadily rising each year. From 2019 through 2023, EL enrollment nearly doubled.

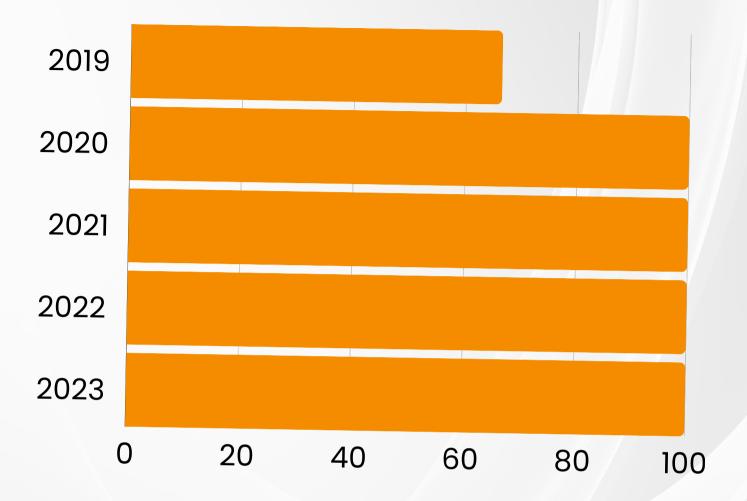
<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Nationally, English learners are one of the fastest-growing student populations.

# **Teacher Demographics**

- Teacher Attendance
- Student-Teacher Ratio
- → Full Time Admin vs Staff



## Teacher Attendance



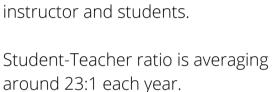
**Teacher Attendance** is one of the most important school-based factors in student academic outcomes. Research shows that **teacher absences can result in significant learning loss**, as well as, have negative impacts on non-academic and behavioral outcomes.

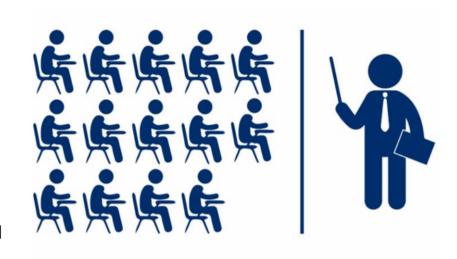
The above chart displays the percentage of teachers with fewer than 10 absences in a school year.

### **Student - Teacher Ratio**

The **Student-Teacher Ratio** is obtained by dividing the number of full-time equivalent pupils at a given level of education by the number of full-time equivalent teachers at that level.

It has been proven that students learn faster and perform better in smaller classes. A class size of fewer than 20 students often results in more individual attention, increased participation, and better communication between the instructor and students.







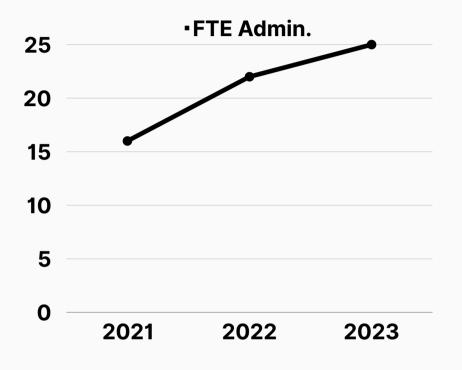




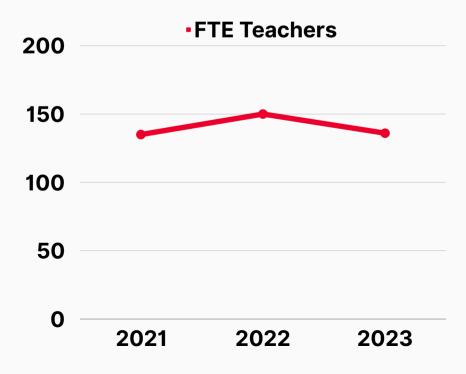




# FTE Administrators vs FTE Teacher Growth



Full-time administrative positions have substantially increased and full time staff positions have decreased over 3 years.



# STATE DESIGNATIONS

The federal Every Student Succeeds Act requires states to provide every school a summative designation. Summative designations help families and communities understand how well schools are serving all students. Illinois has four summative designations: Exemplary, Commendable, Targeted Support for Underperforming Group(s), and Comprehensive Support for Lowest-Performing Schools. Schools that receive a designation of Underperforming or Lowest-Performing receive additional funding and support to build local capacity and improve student outcomes.



**EXEMPLARY** 



**COMMENDABLE** 



**TARGETED** 



**COMPREHENSIVE** 

## Summative Designation Comparison

#### 2022-2023

Scho	ool	2022	2023
Chateaux		Commendable	Commendable
Field Crest		Commendable	Commendable
Highlands		Commendable	Comprehensive
Nob Hills	(	Commendable	Comprehensive
Mae Jemison		Commendable	Comprehensive
Markham Park		Commendable	Commendable
Prairie Hills JH		Lowest Performing	Comprehensiv
Prairie Hills ST	current academ accountable for		•

A school's annual summative designation describes how well an individual school is meeting the needs of all its students. The designations recognize schools with strong overall performance across a range of academic and student success indicators. Schools with greatest need receive the most support.

# STATE DESIGNATIONS

- 1. Exemplary: A school in which no subgroup is performing at or below the level of the "all students" group in the lowest-performing 5 percent of Title I-eligible schools, a graduation rate of greater than 67 percent, and whose performance is in the top 10 percent of schools statewide.
- 2. Commendable: A school in which no subgroup is performing at or below the level of the "all students" group in the lowest-performing 5 percent of Title I-eligible schools, a graduation rate above 67 percent, and whose performance is not in the top 10 percent of schools statewide.
- 3. Targeted: A school in which one or more subgroup(s) is/are performing at or below the level of the "all students" group in the lowest-performing 5 percent of Title I-eligible schools.
- 4. Comprehensive: A school that is in the lowest-performing 5 percent Title I-eligible schools in Illinois and those high schools that have a graduation rate of less than 67 percent or less.
- 5. Intensive: A school that has completed a full Comprehensive Support school improvement cycle, but whose performance remains in the lowest-performing 5 percent of Title I-eligible schools statewide or is a high school with a graduation rate of 67 percent or below at the end of the four-year improvement cycle.

#### **School: Prairie Hill Junior High School**

	Weighted	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	Index 2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	2.84	3.83	+0.99
Math Proficiency	1.67	11.60	+9.93
<b>ELA Growth</b>	7.24	1.43	-5.81
Math Growth	9.18	7.29	-2.52
Science	5.00	1.47	-3.53
Proficiency			
<b>EL Proficiency</b>	0.97	0.86	-0.11
Chronic	10.49	12.65	+2.16
Absenteeism			
Climate Survey	0.89	2.67	+1.78
<b>Summative Score</b>	38.38	41.78	+3.4
	Targeted	<b>Comprehensive TSI</b>	

#### **PHJH - Sub Groups**

	Weighted Index 2022	Weighted Index 2023	Difference +/-
African	45.70	45.62	-0.08
American			
CWD	28.95**	32.48*	+3.53
EL	35.50	52.44	+16.94
Former EL	55.17	48.39	-6.78
Hispanic	53.72	54.70	+0.98
Low Income	45.98	45.69	-0.26

CWD is scoring in the range of comprehensive for two consecutive years

#### **School: Fieldcrest**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	7.50	7.50	0
<b>Math Proficiency</b>	6.97	5.16	-1.81
<b>ELA Growth</b>	19.72	18.40	-1.32
Math Growth	12.31	12.31	0
Science	5.0	3.28	-1.72
Proficiency	3.0		1.72
<b>EL Proficiency</b>	4.43	4.06	-0.37
Chronic	4.66	5.43	
Absenteeism	4.66		+0.77
Climate Survey	4.07	3.10	-0.97
<b>Summative Score</b>	64.67	59.24	
	Commendable	Commendable	

#### Fieldcrest – Sub Group

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
All	64.67	59.24	-5.43
EL		58.34	
Hispanic	68.88	62.27	-6.68
Low Income		64.50	

#### School: Highlands

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	6.65	3.55	-3.1
<b>Math Proficiency</b>	4.44	1.54	-2.9
<b>ELA Growth</b>	23.82	10.95	-12.87
Math Growth	19.31	6.54	-12.77
Science	5.36	1.77	-3.59
Proficiency			
<b>EL Proficiency</b>			
Chronic	12.64	5.36	-7.28
Absenteeism			
Climate Survey	3.09	1.61	-1.48
	75.30	31.33	-43.97
<b>Summative Score</b>	Commendable	Comprehensive	

#### **Highlands-Sub Group**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
All	75.30	31.33	-43.97
African	80.19	34.05	-46.14
American			
Low Income	82.27	32.91	-49.36

#### **School: Markham Park**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	7.15	5.43	-1.72
<b>Math Proficiency</b>	4.55	1.93	-2.62
<b>ELA Growth</b>	15.99	10.59	-5.4
Math Growth	11.27	4.20	-7.07
Science	5.36	2.24	-3.12
Proficiency			
<b>EL Proficiency</b>		3.43	
Chronic	14.30	10.81	-3.49
Absenteeism		10.01	
Climate Survey	3.29	5.00	+1.71
<b>Summative Score</b>	61.90	43.62	-18.28
	Commendable	Commendable	

#### Markham Park – Sub Group

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
All	61.90	43.62	-18.28
African	64.32	48.29	-16.03
American			
Hispanic	81.64	49.31	-32.33
Low Income	75.19	49.57	-25.62

#### **School: Nob Hill**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
ELA Proficiency	7.01	3.51	-3.5
Math Proficiency	1.83	1.04	-0.79
ELA Growth	17.67	11.84	-5.84
Math Growth	8.38	8.38	-3.11
Science	5.36	1.66	-3.7
Proficiency			
EL Proficiency			
Chronic	6.07	2.75	3.57
Absenteeism			
Climate Survey	4.25	4.98	-0.73
Summative Score	53.66	34.15	-19.51
	Commendable	Comprehensive	

#### Nob Hill – Sub Group

	Weighted Index 2022	Weighted Index 2023	Difference +/-
All	53.66	34.15	-19.51
African	62.41	40.61	-21.80
American			
Low Income		38.63	

#### **School: Chateaux**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	4.86	3.63	-1.23
<b>Math Proficiency</b>	2.94	2.82	-0.12
<b>ELA Growth</b>	17.70	15.42	-2.28
<b>Math Growth</b>	14.24	7.90	-6.34
Science	5.36	2.21	-3.15
Proficiency			
<b>EL Proficiency</b>			
Chronic	8.67	6.30	-2.37
Absenteeism			
Climate Survey	3.13	5.00	+1.87
<b>Summative Score</b>	56.89	43.29	-13.60
	Commendable	Commendable	

#### **Chateaux – Sub Group**

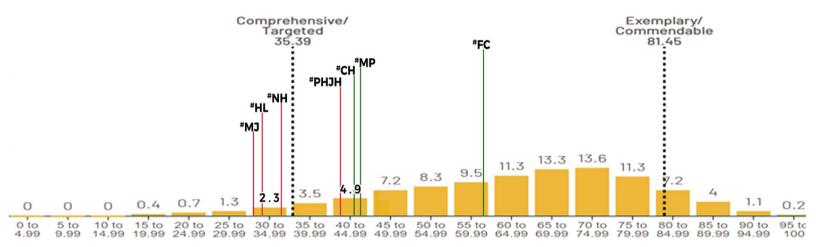
	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
All	56.89	43.29	-13.60
African	65.82	53.18	-12.64
American			
Low Income		49.96	

#### **School: Mae Jemison**

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
<b>ELA Proficiency</b>	5.23	2.05	-3.18
Math Proficiency	4.17	0.68	-3.49
ELA Growth	11.66	9.92	-1.74
Math Growth	13.33	2.44	-10.89
Science	5.36	1.84	-3.52
Proficiency			
EL Proficiency			
Chronic	11.39	9.09	-2.27
Absenteeism			
Climate Survey	5.00	4.27	-0.73
Summative Score	56.13	30.29	-25.84
	Commendable	Comprehensive	

	Weighted Index	Weighted Index	Difference +/-
	2022	2023	
All	56.13	30.29	-25.84
African	64.57	34.54	-30.03
American			
Low Income		33.43	

#### PRAIRIE HILLS SD 144 OVERALL INDEX SCORE



#### WEIGHTED SUMMATIVE SCORES

PRAIRIE HILLS JUNIOR HIGH ("PHJH) - 41.75 • FIELDCREST ("FC) - 59.24 • NOB HILLS ("NH)- 34.15
CHATEAUX ("CH) - 43.29 • MAE JEMISON ("MJ) - 30.29 • HIGHLAND ("HL) - 31.33 • MARKHAM PARK ("MP) - 43.62

# **Achievement Data**

- Overall IAR (State
  Assessment) Proficiency
  Data
- NWEA (Bench Mark
  Assessment) by Grades
- → IAR Proficiency vs Growth

The following information about student learning will inform instructional decisions in classrooms, schools, and the district. The following outcomes will assist teachers and staff in making classroom/curriculum based decisions. Theses assessments were analyzed to help teachers/staff decide what comes next within lessons, measure how students are progressing, and decide when to reteach topics or provide enrichment.

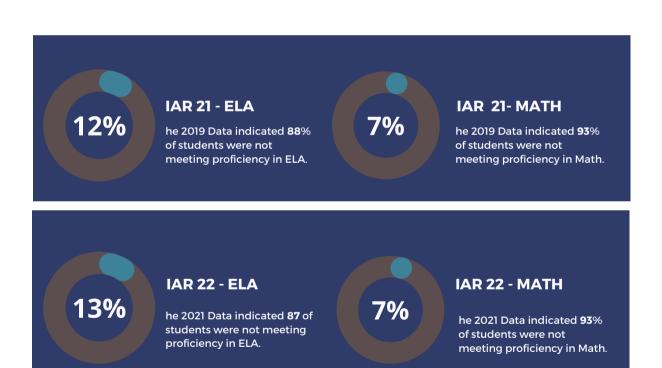
This set of information is also a way to engage in collaborations, to celebrate strengths, identify trends, and reflect on ways to better support teaching and learning in the classroom.



### IAR DATA

Student achievement data will be the most important type of data the guide will focus on. Educators will understand that achievement data comes in forms other than standardized test data. Assessments will effectively measure what a student has learned and monitor student progress towards academic readiness.

Prairie Hills administers different types of assessments over the course of the school year to provide a comprehensive picture of student progress. Assessments guide improvements in ongoing instruction and enable schools to offer appropriate supports to address individual student needs. IAR will be one of many forms of data used in improving student outcomes

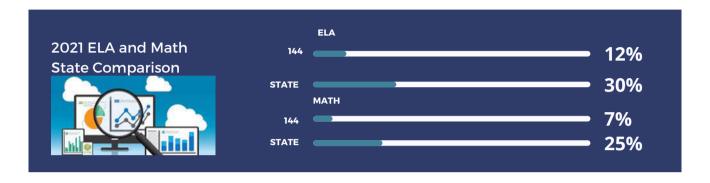


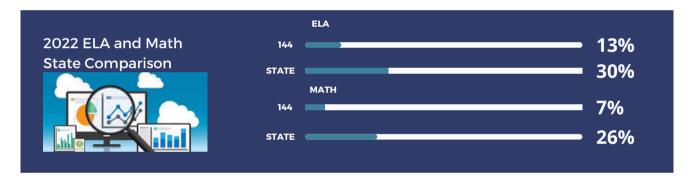


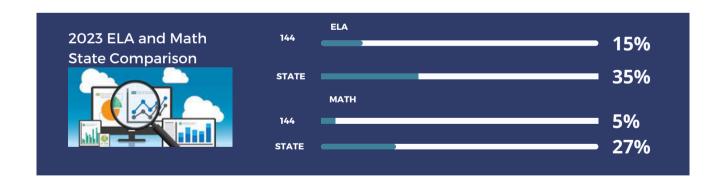
#### **ELA AND MATH**

#### **PROFICIENCY DATA**

Overall District proficiency over time as compared to overall State proficiency.





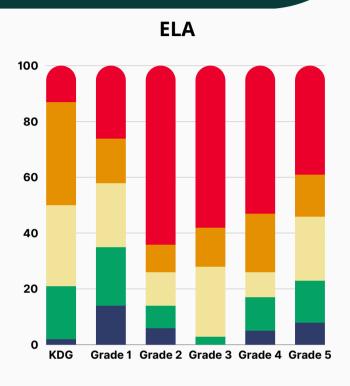


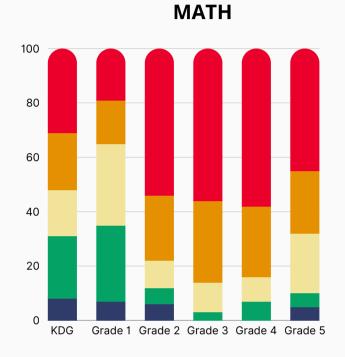
# Chateaux

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 

**NWEA Fall data** serves as an universal screener to identify students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require **multi-tiered** support based on the level of academic risk.

This data demonstrates that more than 75% or more of students at all grades (except Grade 1) are at risk of failing without the proper supports.





Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	52	29% (15 Students)	50% (26 Students)
GRADE 1	43	23% (10 Students)	42% (18 Students)
GRADE 2	50	12% (6 Students)	74% (37 Students)
GRADE 3	36	25% (9 Students)	72% (26 Students)
GRADE 4	43	9% (4 Students)	74% (32 Students)
GRADE 5	39	23% (9 Students)	55% (21 Students)

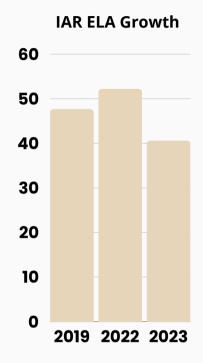
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	52	17% (9 Students)	50% (26 Students)
GRADE 1	43	30% (13 Students)	35% (15 Students)
GRADE 2	50	10% (5 Students)	78% (39 Students)
GRADE3	36	11% (4 Students)	86% (31 Students)
GRADE 4	43	9% (4 Students)	84% (36 Students)
GRADE 5	39	22% (9 Students)	68% (27 Students)

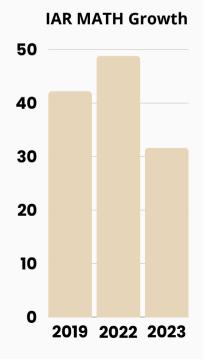
# Chateaux

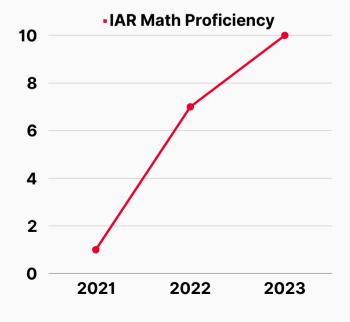
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

Chateaux IAR demonstrates that while ELA proficiency and growth has decreased, math proficiency has increased 3 percentage points. However, math growth decreased nearly 20 percentage points from 2022 to 2023 SY.





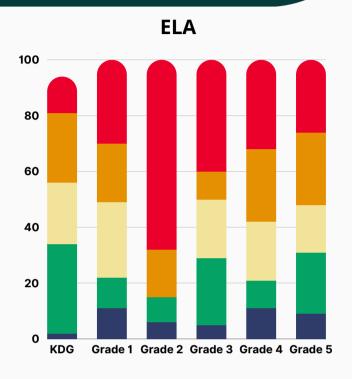


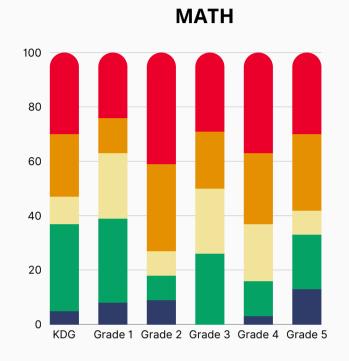


# **Field Crest**

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 

NWEA Fall data serves as an universal screener to identifying students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require multi-tiered support based on the level of academic risk. The following tables provide percentages of current students in each grade level that is considered At-Risk. The data demonstrates that 75% or more of the students in grades 3-5 are at risk of failing without the proper supports.





Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	38	22% (9 Students)	38% (15 Students)
GRADE 1	37	27% (10 Students)	51% (19 Students)
GRADE 2	34	0% (0 Students)	85% (29 Students)
GRADE 3	42	21% (9 Students)	50% (21 Students)
GRADE 4	38	21% (8 Students)	58% (22 Students)
GRADE 5	46	17% (8 Students)	52% (24 Students)

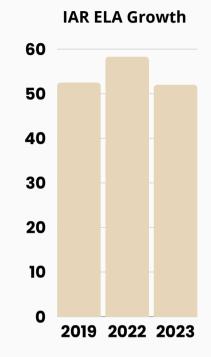
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	38	10% (4 Student)	53% (21 Students)
GRADE 1	37	24% (9 Students)	37% (14 Students)
GRADE 2	34	9% (3 Students)	73% (25 Students)
GRADE 3	42	24% (10 Students)	50% (21 Students)
GRADE 4	38	21% (8 Students)	63% (24 Students)
GRADE 5	46	9% (4 Students)	58% (27 Students)

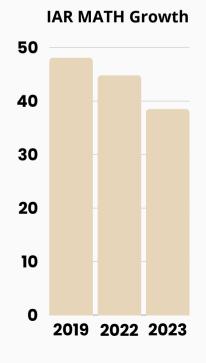
# **Field Crest**

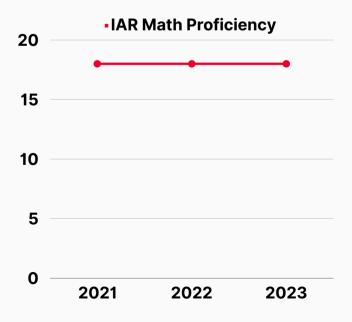
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

Field Crest IAR demonstrates that while ELA proficiency is slightly up, growth has decreased. Math proficiency has flatlined over three years and growth is gradually decreasing each year.



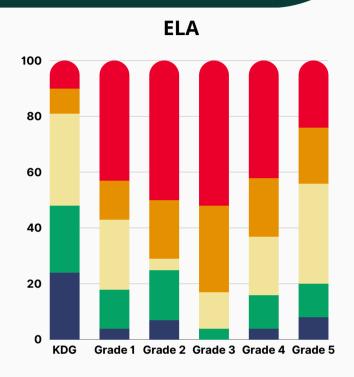


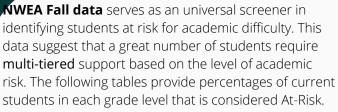




# **Nob Hill**

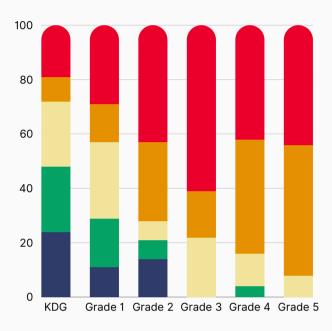
**NWEA - Fall 2023** 





The data demonstrates that 80% or more of the students at most grades are at risk of failing without the proper supports in ELA. Grade 3 shows 96% failing rate in ELA. In math, Grade 4 shows over 96% failure rate and grade 3 and 5 shows 100% failing rate in math.

MATH



Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	21	33% (7 Students)	19% (4 Students)
GRADE 1	28	25% (7 Students)	57% (16 Students)
GRADE 2	28	4% (1 Students)	71% (20 Students)
GRADE 3	23	13% (3 Students)	83% (19 Students)
GRADE 4	24	21% (5 Students)	63% (15 Students)
GRADE 5	25	36% (9 Students)	44% (11 Students)

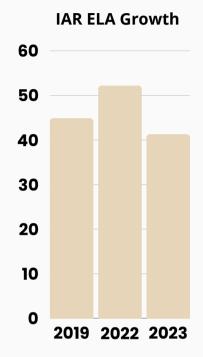
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	21	24% (5 Student)	28% (6 Students)
GRADE 1	28	28% (8 Students)	43% (12 Students)
GRADE 2	28	7% (2 Students)	72% (20 Students)
GRADE 3	23	22% (5 Students)	78% (18 Students)
GRADE 4	24	12% (3 Students)	84% (20 Students)
GRADE 5	25	8% (2 Students)	92% (23 Students)

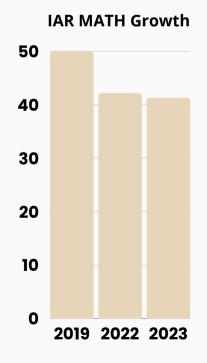
# **Nob Hill**

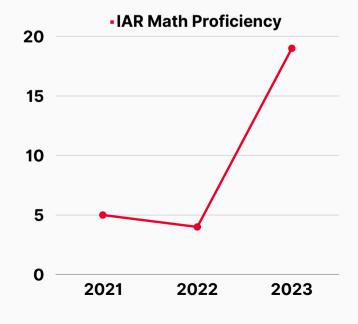
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

**Nob Hill IAR** demonstrates that ELA proficiency and math decreased from SY22 to SY23. Math proficiency greatly increased but growth is remaining stagnant.







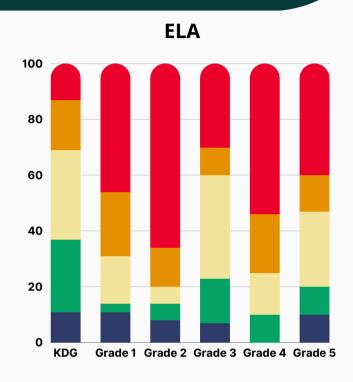


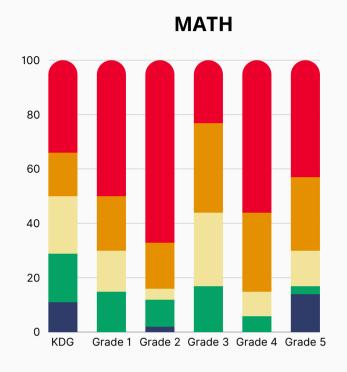
# **Highlands**

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 

**NWEA Fall data** serves as an universal screener in identifying students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require **multi-tiered** support based on the level of academic risk. The following tables provide percentages of current students in each grade level that is considered At-Risk.

The data demonstrates that more that 75% of students (with the exception of kindergarten) are at risk of failing in both ELA and math.





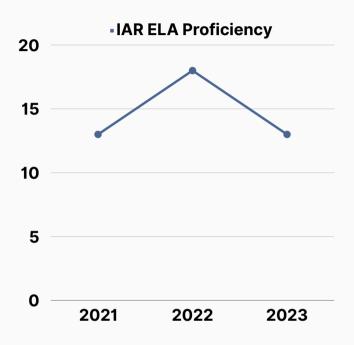
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	38	32% (12 Student)	31% (12 Students)
GRADE 1	35	17% (6 Students)	69% (24 Students)
GRADE 2	53	6% (3 Students)	80% (41 Students)
GRADE 3	30	37% (11 Students)	40% (12 Students)
GRADE 4	52	15% (8 Students)	75% (39 Students)
GRADE 5	30	27% (8 Students)	53% (16 Students)

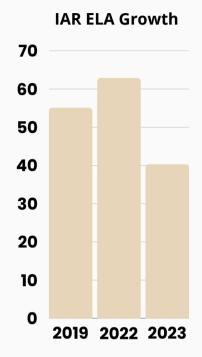
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	38	21% (8 Students	50% (19 Students
GRADE 1	35	15% (5 Students)	70% (24 Students)
GRADE 2	53	4% (2 Students)	84% (44 Students)
GRADE 3	30	27% (8 Students)	55% (17 Students)
GRADE 4	52	9% (5 Students)	85% (44 Students)
GRADE 5	30	13% (4 Students)	70% (21 Students)

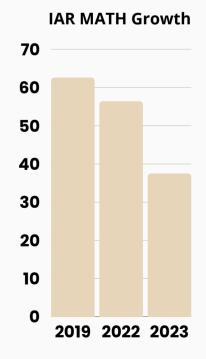
# **Highlands**

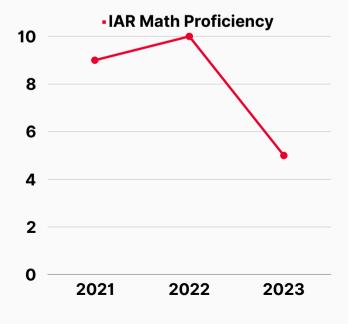
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

**Highlands IAR** demonstrates that ELA proficiency and math growth decreased in proficiency and growth from SY22 to SY23.



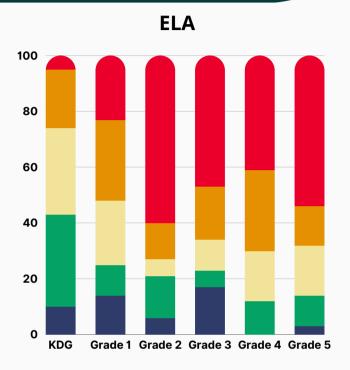




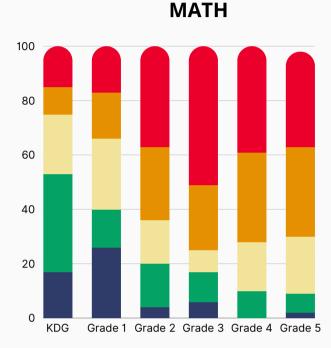


### **Mae Jemison**

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 



NWEA Fall data serves as an universal screener in identifying students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require multi-tiered support based on the level of academic risk. The following tables provide percentages of current students in each grade level that is considered At-Risk. The data demonstrates that 75% or more of the students in grades 2-5 are at risk of failing without the proper supports. NWEA results align with IAR data for single digit proficiency.



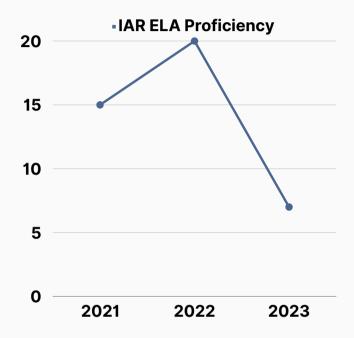
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	42	31% (13 Students)	26% (11 Students)
GRADE 1	33	23% (8 Students)	52% (18 Students)
GRADE 2	52	6% (3 Students)	73% (38 Students)
GRADE 3	53	11% (6 Students)	66% (35 Students)
GRADE 4	51	18% (9 Students)	70% (36 Students)
GRADE 5	57	18% (10 Students)	68% (39 Students)

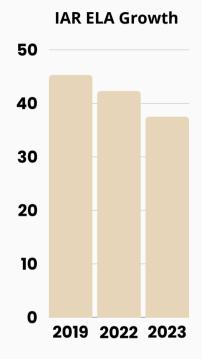
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	42	22% (9 Student)	25% (10 Students)
GRADE 1	33	26% (9 Students)	34% (12 Students)
GRADE 2	52	16% (8 Students)	64% (33 Students)
GRADE 3	53	8% (4 Students)	75% (40 Students)
GRADE 4	51	18% (9 Students)	72% (37 Students)
GRADE 5	57	21% (12 Students)	68% (39 Students)

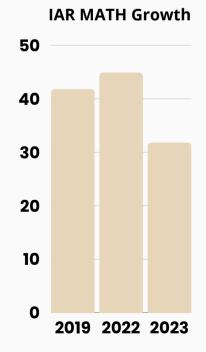
### **Mae Jemison**

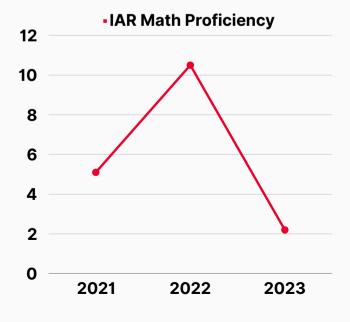
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

Mae Jemison IAR demonstrates that ELA and math decreased drastically in both proficiency and growth from SY22 to SY23. Both ELA and Math proficiency are in single digits.



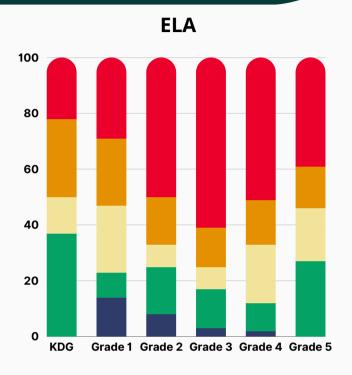




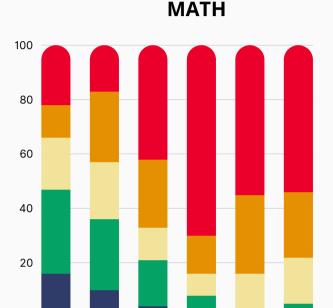


## **Markham Park**

NWEA - Fall 2023



NWEA Fall data serves as an universal screener in identifying students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require multi-tiered support based on the level of academic risk. The following tables provide percentages of current students in each grade level that is considered At-Risk. The data demonstrates that 75% or more of the students at most grades are at risk of failing without the proper supports. Grades 3, 4, and 5 are under 10 percentage in proficiency rate.



Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5

0

KDG

Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	32	13% (4 Students)	50% (16 Students)
GRADE 1	42	24% (10 Students)	53% (22 Students)
GRADE 2	24	8% (2 Students)	67% (16 Students)
GRADE 3	36	8% (3 Students)	75% (27 Students)
GRADE 4	49	21% (10 Students)	67% (33 Students)
GRADE 5	41	19% (8 Students)	54% (22 Students)

Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	32	19% (6 Student)	34% (11 Students)
GRADE 1	42	21% (9 Students)	43% (18 Students)
GRADE 2	24	12% (3 Students)	67% (16 Students)
GRADE 3	36	8% (3 Students)	84% (30 Students)
GRADE 4	49	14% (7 Students)	84% (41 Students)
GRADE 5	41	17% (7 Students)	78% (33 Students)

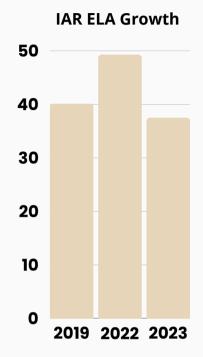
## **Markham Park**

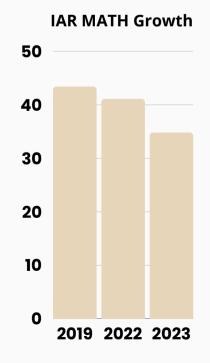
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

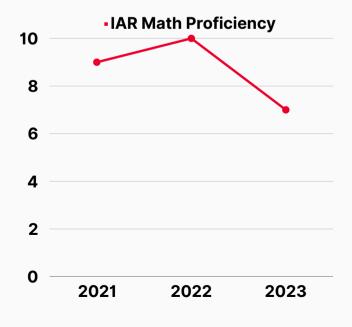
**Markham Park IAR** demonstrates that ELA only increased 1 percentage and math proficiency decreased by 3 percentage points.

Both ELA and math growth decreased drastically from SY22 to SY23.







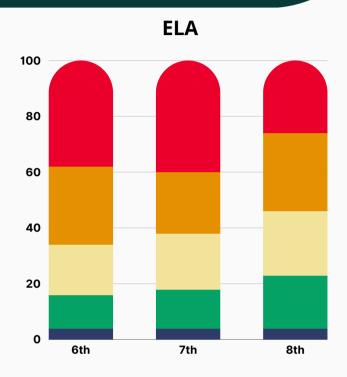


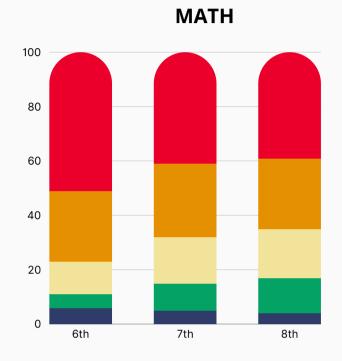
## **Prairie Hills JH**

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 

**NWEA Fall data** serves as an universal screener in identifying students at risk for academic difficulty. This data suggest that a great number of students require **multi-tiered** support based on the level of academic risk. The following tables provide percentages of current students in each grade level that is considered At-Risk. **The data** 

demonstrates that 80% or more of students are at-risk of failing in both reading and math.





Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
6th	258	18% (47 Students)	66% (170 Students)
7th	279	20% (55 Students)	62% (173 Students)
8th	178	23% (53 Students)	54% (129 Students)

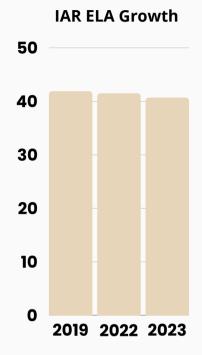
Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
6th	258	12% (33 Student)	77% (203 Students)
7th	279	17% (47 Students)	68% (192 Students)
8th	178	18% (44 Students)	65% (153 Students)

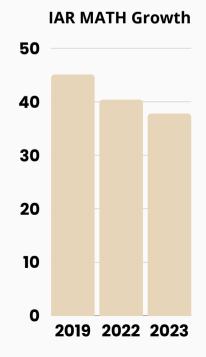
### **Prairie Hills JH**

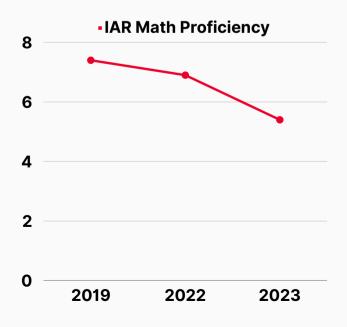
**IAR Proficiency and Growth** 

Prairie Hills JH IAR demonstrates that ELA only increased 1 percentage and math proficiency decreased by 3 percentage points from SY22 to SY23. Both ELA and math growth decreased drastically from SY22 to SY23.



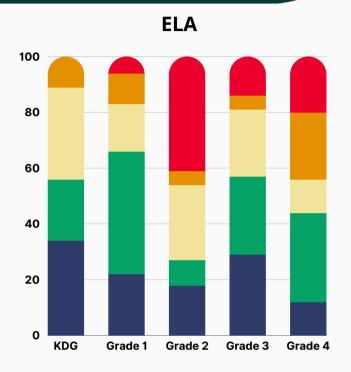


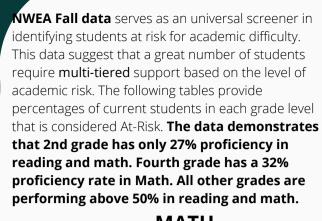


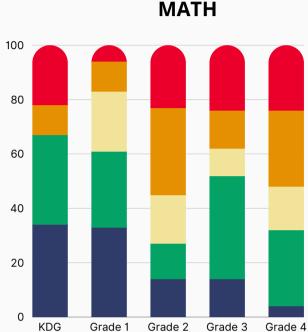


### **Prairie Hills ST**

**NWEA - Fall 2023** 







Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	9	33% (3 Students)	11% (1 Students)
GRADE 1	18	13% (3 Students)	17% (3 Students)
GRADE 2	22	27% (6 Students)	46% (10 Students)
GRADE 3	21	24% (5 Students)	19% (4 Students)
GRADE 4	25	21% (10 Students)	44% (11 Students)

Grade	# of Stud.	% At- Risk	% Failing
KDG	9	0% (0 Student)	33% (3 Students)
GRADE 1	18	22% (4 Students)	17% (3 Students)
GRADE 2	22	18% (4 Students)	55% (12 Students)
GRADE 3	21	10% (2 Students)	38% (8 Students)
GRADE 4	25	16% (4 Students)	52% (13 Students)

### **Overall District Science Proficiency**

FY 22 26 FY23 10 Diff. -16

### **Science Proficiency by School**

School	FY'22	FY'23	Change
Prairie Hills JH	24	16	-8
Field Crest	37	34	-3
Highland	34	18	-16
Markham Park	34	24	-10
Nob Hills	17	16	-1
Chateaux	25	22	-3
Mae Jemison	15	19	+4

All school (except Mae Jemison) have a negative growth in science proficiency from the 2022 to 2023 school year.

#### THE

#### **DATA GUIDE**

This Data Guide will allow educators to use data to support individual students and teachers and to guide the actions of district and school leaders in improving student outcomes. More specifically, this guide will be used to:

- 1. Identify individual student needs and place students in groups, interventions, programs, and classrooms.
- 2. Use student assessment data to monitor overall student progress, to customize learning opportunities for individual students, to place students in small learning groups or short-term intervention programs, to place students in classrooms or academic courses, and to assign them to or exit them from programs such as bilingual or special education programs and programs for gifted and talented students.
- 3. Modify curriculum and instruction. Data may be used to identify learning objectives that students didn't learn and that must therefore be retaught, to identify objectives students have mastered, to address gaps in students' prerequisite knowledge and skills, to modify the sequence of topics, to adjust the amount of time allocated to each topic, and to monitor whether the district's curriculum is being taught at the desired level of rigor.
- 4. Motivate students and educators. Data can be used to set goals for students, classrooms, and schools; to monitor whether these goals have been met; and to recognize individual and group success.
- 5. Coach and train teachers and other school personnel. Data may be used to guide discussions among educators, to inform educators of their strengths and assist them with their weaknesses, and to identify individuals for possible promotion or termination.
- 6. Adopt and evaluate programs. Data can be used to pilot new programs or evaluate old ones; to adjust school routines, procedures, and schedules by troubleshooting difficulties with student attendance or behavior; and to examine whether past decisions have had the desired consequences.
- 7. Communicate information to stakeholders and other audiences. Data can be used to communicate with parents when their children need additional academic interventions, and with parents and public audiences about school programs and performance.

### Recommendations

We spend a lot of time and money on testing but not much time on what to do with the test results.



#### **Recommendation #1 - MTSS**

District must implement an effective MTSS program immediately. MTSS is designed to help schools identify struggling students early and intervene quickly. MTSS will support academic growth, but will also support behavioral and social and emotional needs



#### **Recommendation #2 - Math Supports**

Acknowledging diversity involves supporting the needs of all students in the general mathematics classrooms. Providing critical math interventions and guided math instructions will measure students progress regularly to improve upon learning outcomes.



#### **Recommendation #3 - Science PD**

Professional Development programs for science teachers are essential to maintaining high-quality teaching in the classroom. Providing science development enables science teachers to keep up with a continuously evolving subject while gaining new educational skills and techniques to bring to the classroom.



# **Recommendation #4 - Special Education Strategies**

Provide teachers with excellent teaching strategies for students with disabilities. These strategies, along with an evidence-based SpEd curriculum, can be crucial in helping students thrive.



#### **Recommendation #5 - Attendance Plan**

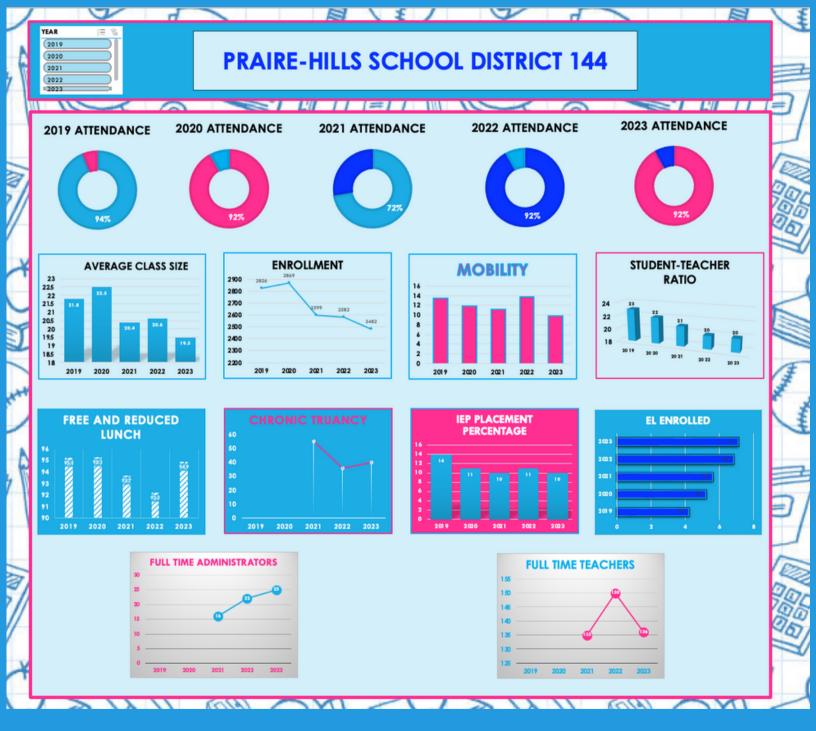
The District should build an effective Student Attendance Intervention Plan to reduce chronic absenteeism, and get students back in the classroom.

The Student Attendance Intervention Plan will review individual students who are chronically absent and ensure their needs are met using all available resources.



### Recommendation #6 - Teacher Recruitment Plan

The District must create a year-round, multi-stakeholder recruitment system. Recognizing that recruitment and selection is a **year-round job** that requires creativity to ensure that the best candidates are hired. This work can not be the sole responsibility of HR alone, building leaders and other key District staff should have roles.



#### **The District Dashboard**

The Dashboard shows the quality of the District's schools and compares attendance rates, assessment scores, student-to-staff ratios, and more. The District will use the data to help make informed decisions to help each child reach full success.





Dr. Mable A. Alfred

Drmalfred@yahoo.com